



Why be bald headed and old looking before your time? Neglect of the hair causes dandruff, and dandruff is the forerunner of falling hair and baldness. The remedy is

## Ayer's Hair Vigor

A gentleman residing at Dunedin, N.Z., writes under date Jan. 7, 1907:

"It is with gratitude I write you that I have now a splendid head of hair, both thick and very soft, all owing to my having used your wonderful Hair Vigor. I was almost bald headed before I used the Hair Vigor. I still use it once a day, rubbing it well into the roots of the hair. I used to wear a skull-cap, and I am very grateful to Ayer's Hair Vigor for the improvement it has made in my looks."

Be warned in time. Use Ayer's Hair Vigor and preserve your youth.

Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass., U.S.A.

## Orpheum Theatre

COMMENCING FRIDAY, APRIL 26th  
Extended Engagement of the  
HONOLULU FAVORITES

## The Elleford Co.

Presenting a Repertoire of Comedy,  
Farce and Melodrama.

FRIDAY AND SATURDAY NIGHTS  
AND SATURDAY MATINEE

## "A Royal Reception"

OR  
IN GOG

MONDAY AND TUESDAY  
THE AMERICAN GIRL

Polite Vaudeville Between Acts, head-  
ed by the Clever Child Duo,

THE OSBORN CHILDREN  
A Big Double Show

The Sale of Seats Opens at the Or-  
pheum Box Office Wednesday morn-  
ing, at 10 o'clock.

MRS. GUNN'S

## ANNUAL EXHIBITION

—of—

CHILDREN'S FANCY

## DANCING

—

## OPERA HOUSE

THURSDAY, APRIL 25.

Box plan opens at Warr, Nichols Co.,  
Monday, April 22nd.

THE PROPER

TREATMENT FOR

FLOORS

WOODWORK

FURNITURE—

Johnson's Prepared

WAX

—

LEWERS & COOKE

LIMITED

177 SOUTH KING STREET.

Y. ISHII,

Corner Beretania and Nuanu Sts.

JAPANESE DRUGGISTS

GENERAL REFRIGERATION

All kinds of American Patent Medi-  
cines at Low Prices.

The religion that is put on at cer-  
tain times is sure to fall off at the  
trying time.

# COMMISSIONER PRATT REPLIES TO THE SENATE

TELLS SENATE THAT STEPS ARE NOW UNDER WAY FOR OPEN-  
ING OF THE MOLOKAN LANDS AND ALSO OTHER TRACTS—GIVES  
DETAILS RELATIVE TO THE STATUS OF LEASES AND OTHER  
LANDS.

The following reply was made by  
Land Commissioner Pratt yesterday to  
the Senate inquiry relative to certain  
land matters in the Territory. A re-  
solution introduced by Senator Ma-  
healani had asked the various questions  
to which Pratt made answer.

Question: I have the honor to sub-  
mit the following answers to the ques-  
tions propounded in Senate Resolu-  
tion No. 37:

1. "What has been done to the lands  
that were once awarded to the Mo-  
lokan on Kauai?"

A. The land is being cut up for set-  
tlers.

2. "Were they leased back to the  
Plantation or not?"

A. The old 99 years crown lease does  
not expire until May 1st 1907. No new  
lease issued.

3. "Did any Hawaiians or Portuguese  
apply for these lands and were ignored  
or refused?"

A. Several petitions are on file re  
this land, and the fact that we are now  
cutting up the land is evidence that  
they are neither ignored or refused.

4. "Are there any government lands  
on Kauai suitable for homesteading or  
to be taken up under the Association  
system now under the control of the  
plantation, and leases about to ex-  
pire?"

A. The lands of Anahulu and Kama-  
lamala will be available when crops  
come off. Cost of irrigating this land  
stands in way of Homesteading it. Have  
no applications for it.

5. "Is there an unleased section of  
the land of Puuanahulu containing an  
area of 71,000 acres?"

A. Unleased section of Puuanahulu  
amounts in area to 74,155 acres.

6. "Is the whole of this property re-  
served as forest reserve or not?"

A. No part of this is covered by  
reserves under our present law. Have  
heard however that a portion was con-  
sidered to be informally reserved some  
years ago. Superintendent of Forests  
proposes to inspect the land at  
early date and recommend a definite  
reserve.

7. "If so, what right has Robert Hind  
Jr., to use a portion of this land for  
pasturing his cattle?"

A. Mr. Hind has been granted no  
rights on any portion of the land other  
than the 12,000 acres leased to him and  
E. P. Low, during 1898, for \$150 per  
annum.

8. "Under what authority has Hind  
got for constructing a division fence on  
this land for pasturing his cattle cer-  
tain months in the year?"

A. No authority, as stated above.

9. "How much is he paying for this  
privilege?"

A. He is paying nothing except his  
recorded rentals.

10. "Is there a petition in your hands  
from some Hawaiians applying for cer-  
tain portion of this land of Puuanahulu  
near Koaumoku, under the association  
plan?"

A. A copy of a petition received on  
February 19th, last is attached hereto.  
Required information has not been fur-  
nished. If everything is in order work  
can be done at same time survey party  
goes to Waima, which will be during  
coming summer if appropriations for  
survey permit.

11. "If so, has it been attended to?"

A. As above.

12. "How long were the lands of  
Puuanahulu and Kamahele in the hands of the government  
before they were sub-leased to the  
Parker ranch?"

A. These lands have never been held  
under lease. During February 1898, a  
conditional lease of Puuanahulu was sold,  
but never delivered.

13. "Why were not these lands adver-  
tised for homesteading or under the  
association plans before being finally  
put up to auction under lease?"

A. The advertisement of the pro-  
posed sale or lease states that "the  
government reserves the right to re-  
sume possession, at any time, of such  
portions as may be required for settle-  
ment purposes."

14 and 15. "Was there any attempt  
to show to the public that these lands  
were available?" "Was there any at-  
tempt made to show the public for  
homesteading or under the association  
plan for the land of Nienie, now leased  
to the Parker ranch?"

A. In the Advertiser of July 3rd, 1906  
we published a 5-column list of avail-  
able lands, totalling an area of over  
500,000 acres.

16. "Homestead Lot 15, Puuanahulu  
was originally in Mele Kalani's name.  
For what reason was this land taken  
away from her? If there is any cor-  
respondence between the department of  
Public Lands and parties regarding this  
land please have it produced."

A. Homestead Lot No. 15, Puuanahulu,  
was never held by Mele Kalani. This  
lot has been held since August 4,  
1905, under Certificate of Occupation  
No. 51, Third Land District, by Sam  
Thompson. By some error Sub Agent  
T. C. White, accepted an application

for this lot, while on a trip of in-  
spection and after looking the matter  
up, had to return the fee. Copies of  
correspondence enclosed herewith. Mr.  
White answered my letter of February  
4th, verbally and was instructed to  
make matters clear to Miss Kalani  
when he again visited Puuanahulu.

17. "Are there any government lands  
in the District of Kohala suitable for  
homesteading or under the Association  
plans?"

A. About 700 acres cut up into lots  
are available at this time. By reason  
of expiration of leases much more will  
be ready for the surveyors, during this  
year.

18. "If so, why are they not advertised  
and made known to the public?"

A. All the lots formerly opened  
have been advertised. Fifteen lots at  
Kahai are being advertised at this time.  
Others will be advertised after they  
are surveyed.

19. "Government land at Waima,  
Hawaii, known as the Beadle land was  
promised to the Hawaiians to be opened  
up to homesteaders by Governor Car-  
ter. For what reason was this recall-  
ed?"

A. This land has not been "recalled."  
Appropriation exhausted before the  
surveyors could get to the land. It is  
one of the first pieces proposed to be  
opened under the new appropriations.

20. "Is the Parker Ranch using this  
land, and what rental are they pay-  
ing?"

A. The land is not fenced, therefore  
it may be a fact that Parker ranch  
and everyone else in Kamuela uses it.

21. "What arrangement was made, if  
any, with John E. Baker in regard to  
the land of Pihonua, as a Forest Re-  
serve?"

A. I know of no arrangement of this  
nature.

22. "The lease on the land of Kahe  
35,000 acres to the Kukuiua Plantation  
Company expired last September. Has  
this land been released?"

A. No.

23. "If not, for what reason was it  
withheld and not advertised for home-  
steading or under an association plan, or  
sub-leased?"

A. Lands are not advertised for set-  
tlement purposes until cut up into  
lots. This land is not cut up. The  
Superintendent of Forests hopes to ar-  
range for re-foresting a good portion  
of it. The balance will be available  
for settlement or conditional lease.

24. "The lands of Kamoua and Paeo  
containing an area of 12,500 acres ex-  
pires April 25, 1907. Has anyone ap-  
plied for any of this property for home-  
steading or under the association  
plan?"

A. On February 24th 1905, a petition  
with twenty-five signatures was re-  
ceived, asking that this land be cut up  
into lots of 150 to 200 acres each. The  
petitioners were answered that the land  
was being occupied under a lease which  
would not expire until April 1907. Copy  
of petition enclosed herewith.

25. "The lease of the land of Kapapala  
on the Island of Hawaii expires July 1st  
1907. What disposition does the gov-  
ernment intend in dividing this land for  
the benefit of homesteaders?"

A. We have arrived at no definite  
decision regarding the future of this  
land. The matter is under considera-  
tion at this time.

26. "Has anyone applied for the re-  
newal of the lease of the land known  
as Humuina, Island of Hawaii?"

A. Eben Low has filed an application  
for a conditional lease of about 50,000  
acres of the total 101,500 acres and Col.  
Sam Parker has stated that he also  
would file an application. A copy of  
Mr. Low's application and the answer  
to same, are enclosed herewith.

27. "If so, what terms and conditions  
are offered?"

A. See enclosed letter from E. P.  
Low.

I have the honor to be,  
Your obedient servant,  
JAS. W. PRATT,  
Commissioner of Public Lands.

WILL BLOW A  
TIME WHISTLE

ARRANGEMENTS BEING COM-  
PLETED TO HAVE IT INSTALL-  
ED IN THE POWER HOUSE.

Arrangements have about been com-  
pleted whereby a new time whistle will  
be in operation soon. The whistle is of  
the deep, sonorous tone, and will be  
installed on top of the power house of  
the Rapid Transit Company. The whistle  
will be blown at noon every day  
but Sunday, from a signal from the  
Surveyor General's office. A time bell  
may also be installed by the Navy De-  
partment.

## IN THE HOUSE

FIFTY-FOURTH DAY.

CLAIMS BILL PASSES.

Consideration of House Bill 103, be-  
ing an unpaid claims appropriation bill,  
consumed considerable time, in amend-  
ing and inserting various private  
claims, each of which occasioned a  
dissemination of debate.

A vote on the bill carried, all voting  
"aye" except the Speaker who voted  
"no."

The Finance Committee reported on  
House Bill 176, relative to exempting  
the steamships of the Commercial Pa-  
cific Cable Company from taxation, re-  
commending that it be tabled. The  
grounds for the recommendation were  
that at present the steamer of the  
company is not subject to taxation as  
this is not her home port, and also on  
advise of the Attorney General to ef-  
fect that such an act would be uncon-  
stitutional, as taxing property with  
discrimination.

Rawlins took exception to the recom-  
mendation of the Attorney General,  
and incidentally a fall out of that of-  
ficial in the matter. He held that the  
bill could be made constitutional if it  
was desired. He said that there was  
a little doubt about the right of the  
Territory to tax these ships, and owing  
to that doubt, the ships instead of  
staying here, and spending \$7000 or  
\$8000 per month with Honolulu mer-  
chants. He declared that bills grant-  
ing exemption to railroads that were  
so transparent as to who was to benefit  
thereby, as to be recognized by every-  
one, have passed this legislature.

The bill was on vote tabled in adop-  
tion of the committee's report.

SCHOOL MONEY REFUSED.

The same committee recommended  
the tabling of House Bill 162, to make  
appropriation of \$6000 for completion of  
the Kaliahanna school, for the reason  
that those in charge of the work have  
seen fit to call for plans to cost far  
more than the legislature of 1905 had  
contemplated, and the committee does  
not believe in upholding such policy.

Rece of the committee went further  
in stating that the School Board will  
soon have available \$25,000, and he  
thought it should use its own funds.  
Besides, he said the work to be com-  
pleted would cost only \$3000 instead of  
\$6000.

Kalama objected to the tabling of the  
bill, but the report was adopted and  
the bill tabled.

The Finance Committee recommend-  
ed the passage of House Bill 235, pro-  
viding a sinking fund for purchase or  
redemption of Territorial bonds. The  
report was adopted.

NO HAWAIIAN TRANSLATION.

House Bill 201, to appropriate \$15,000  
for the purpose of translating and  
publishing the session laws of 1905 and  
1907 from English into Hawaiian, was  
reported on by the Public Expenditures  
Committee with a recommendation  
that it be tabled. The report was  
adopted.

TIME OF MEETING FIXED.

The House on motion adopted the  
report of the Conference Committee on  
Senate Bill 97, by which the time of  
meeting of the Boards of Supervisors  
of all Counties except Maui, is fixed  
for the first Wednesday of each month.  
In Maui it shall be on the first Wed-  
nesday after the 5th day of each  
month.

ELECTRIC FRANCHISES.

The Manufactures and Promotion  
Committee reported on House Bill 238,  
granting a franchise to an electric  
company at Lahaina, Maui, and on  
House Bill 195, a general electric fran-  
chise bill, with recommendations that  
they pass with amendments fixing  
maximum rate of charge for power,  
and for the government of the com-  
panies and regulation of charges. The  
reports were both adopted.

The Committee on Education report-  
ed on Senate Bill 92, to provide a mem-  
orial to commemorate the signing of  
the first constitution of Hawaii by Ka-  
nehameha III, recommended the pas-  
sage of the bill. Adopted.

A VETO.

The Governor presented his veto to  
House Bill 34, relating to Leper Set-  
tlement and hospital, and providing  
for the commission of persons having  
leprosy by district magistrates.

The Governor found the bill to be  
defective to such a degree that it  
would practically prevent anything ex-  
cept voluntary segregation of lepers,  
and he therefore could not approve it.  
Kalelopu moved to override the veto.  
Sheldon moved to defer considera-  
tion until next Saturday. This motion  
carried.

Sheldon introduced a leper bill to re-  
place the one vetoed by the Governor,  
which is supposed to correct the ob-  
jections to the other. The bill passed  
a first reading by title.

The House then took a recess until 2  
o'clock.

AFTERNOON SESSION.

Senate Bill 115, relating to pounds,  
was passed a first reading in the  
House.

Several minor amendments to House  
Bill 195, defining the duties and pow-  
ers of the Commissioner of Immigra-  
tion, were concurred in by the House,  
and the bill passed up to the Governor.

HOUSE OVERRIDES VETO.

The income tax bill, increasing the  
income subject to taxation from \$1000  
to \$1600, which was vetoed by the  
Governor, was taken up, and on mo-  
tion of Hilo a vote was taken to pass  
it over the veto. It passed on a vote

of 24 to 3; Kalao, Kalana and Naka-  
loka voting to sustain the veto.

Pail introduced a bill providing for  
the application of all net profits from  
agricultural and industrial pursuits of  
the Lahaina Seminary and Wai-  
alea Boys' Industrial school, for the  
benefit of the school.

The bill passed first reading.  
The House adjourned at 2:30 o'clock  
until 9 o'clock tomorrow morning.

## IN THE SENATE

FIFTY-FOURTH DAY.

The Public Lands Committee report-  
ed on Senate Bill No. 194 providing for  
the condemnation of public and pri-  
vate property for rights of way for re-  
servoir sites. The committee favored  
the bill but stated that owing to the  
opposition to the bill and as the time is  
so short in which to act that the bill  
be returned to be taken up by the  
Senate in committee of the whole.

The following report was made in  
part on House Bill No. 19, an act lev-  
ying wharfage toll on all freight landed  
in the Territory.

Your committee find this measure to  
be a revenue producing one, and levies  
a toll of ten cents a ton on all freight  
entering at any public wharf or land-  
ing of the Territory. It provides that  
the Superintendent shall collect the said  
toll and deposit the same with the  
Treasurer, to be used as a fund for the  
purpose of constructing and maintain-  
ing wharves, piers, chutes or landings  
or harbor improvements; providing also  
that the Superintendent of Public  
Works may enforce the payment of the  
same by suit or action on behalf of the  
Territory in any district court. It  
provides further that the Superintend-  
ent of Public Works is empowered to  
make rules and regulations for the en-  
forcement of the toll.

Your committee feel that the tax  
imposed in this bill is one which is  
least burdensome in its effect and be-  
lieve that the object of the bill is a  
good one in providing for a fund for  
the public uses named therein, and  
therefore recommend its passage.

The Health committee reported on  
House Bill No. 296, providing for the  
establishment of a home for male minor  
children of leprosy patients. The re-  
port disapproved of the method of  
making appropriations by separate acts  
while the items could be included in  
the provisions of a general act except  
in special cases. The committee re-  
commended that the bill be tabled to  
be considered with Senate Bill No. 102  
which makes special appropriations  
providing for the proposed home.

The report was adopted.

House Bill No. 236 which covered the  
same provisions, as the Senate's Maui  
bond issue act, was tabled.

Consideration of the governor's veto  
of Senate Bill No. 64, the Maui electric  
franchise to H. P. Baldwin and others,  
was taken up. Senator Coelho moved  
that the bill pass notwithstanding the  
governor's veto. Smith said he felt  
the reasons given by the governor were  
sound. He would vote to sustain the  
veto. However, the veto was over-  
ridden by the close vote of 10 to 5.

Brown, Bishop, Dowsett, Woods and  
Gandall voting to sustain the veto.

House Bill No. 198 the immigration act  
passed third reading. Senate Bill No.  
115 abolishing the present pound laws  
passed third reading.

House Bill 210, reorganizing the Board  
of Agriculture and Forestry; House Bill  
231 relating to the appointment of  
agents to take acknowledgments; and  
House Bill 234, defining the income tax  
period; all passed third reading.

House Bill 211, relating to laundries  
passed second reading.

Senate Bill 194, providing for the con-  
demnation of land for rights of way for  
the distribution and sale of water and  
for reservoir sites came up on second  
reading.

Hewitt moved that the bill be indef-  
initely postponed. He said that the bill  
gave the private corporations the right  
of eminent domain and did not specify  
that the use of the water was for pub-  
lic purposes.

Smith opposed this motion.

A motion to defer the measure until  
tomorrow finally passed by a vote of 8  
to 7. Bishop said he would vote to give  
the bill every chance but he did not  
think it had much chance. Second  
reading of House Bill No. 19, providing  
for the collection of wharfage tolls on  
freights landing in the territory, was  
called. Bishop moved the indefinite  
postponement of the bill. He spoke a-  
gainst the measure. He said it simply  
meant that that tax would be so much  
extra cost to the consumers. The tax  
did not apply to sugar being shipped  
from private wharves. At the pre-  
sent time the vessels are charged a  
wharfage tax now and this proposed  
tax was drastic and savored of a double  
taxation. It would be thought, re-  
sult in a hardship on the small con-  
sumer.

Chillingworth said that there is now  
a tax of 10 cents a ton paid by the  
white merchants and the purpose of  
having this measure brought in was to  
reach all persons and interests. This  
fund that was being collected was for  
the purpose of assisting in the quaran-  
tine work of the Board of Health. He  
felt that it was right that all of the  
people and concerns that were benefitted  
by the port being kept free from  
disease, should pay their share of the  
expense.

Replying Bishop explained the cir-  
cumstances of the contributions being  
originally made. He pointed out that

such a bill would have the effect of  
driving vessels to private wharves and  
a corresponding loss of revenue to the  
territory. The operation of the law  
would require the appointment of a  
number of men to collect these taxes  
and it would work a hardship to the  
Island ports. Bishop said that the ter-  
ritorial legislature was more ready to ap-  
propriate money for the lepers than they were to  
aid precautions against the plague.

Chillingworth said that there was no  
tax on lumber entering this territory.  
He expressed the opinion that the lum-  
ber trust ought to be made to pay  
some of the expense. Further replying  
to Bishop, Chillingworth contended that  
a mistake had been made to have the  
word "wharves" used at all. The  
measure should be amended so as to  
cover all freight entering the harbor.

Bishop suggested that he meant a  
general territorial import tax and Chil-  
lingworth said that this was what he  
thought should be enacted. After some  
further discussion the bill was refer-  
red to the ways and means committee  
for revision.

Action on the governor's veto of the  
House Bill No. 34, regulating the pre-  
liminary citation for persons having  
leprosy was deferred until 2 o'clock to-  
morrow afternoon.

Coelho desired to read to the Senate  
a communication from the president of  
the board of health relative to some  
insinuations printed in the Advertiser  
about the Health Committee having  
withheld a certain communication on  
the leprosy question. A reflection Sen-  
ator Coelho thought, had been cast on  
some members of the committee, a re-  
flection which had not been intended  
and which the communication disposed  
of in a satisfactory manner. But  
Bishop raised a point of order. Coelho  
declared that he desired as a matter of  
privilege to have the clerk read this  
communication as the attack had been  
made in the newspapers.

"Oh," declared Bishop, "unless it be  
the Senator himself I do not believe  
that any senator gives a penny worth